LaRouchePAC Fredags-webcast 4. december 2015:

Brug jeres enestående, menneskelige potentiale til at

bidrage til skabelsen af en højere tilstand af eksistens for menneskeheden!

I løbet af de 10 dage, siden Tyrkiets nedskydning af det russiske bombefly ..., har de barske kendsgerninger, som hr. LaRouche har advaret om i årevis, hævdet sig meget levende, og på uigendrivelig måde: at, under denne præsidents fortsatte politik befinder verden sig kun en hårs bredde fra en fuldt optrappet atomkrig, en krig, der kunne bryde ud, hvornår det skal være, og en krig, der ville blive absolut uden fortilfælde mht. det omfang af død og ødelæggelse, som en sådan krig ville udløse. Engelsk udskrift.

Utilize Your Unique Human Potential To Contribute To the Creation of a Higher State of Existence for Mankind! International Webcast for December 4, 2015

MATTHEW OGDEN: Good evening. It's December 4, 2015. You're watching our regular Friday evening webcast here from larouchepac.com. My name is Mathew Ogden, and I will be your host

here this evening. I'm joined in the studio tonight by Jeffrey Steinberg from {Executive Intelligence Review}, and by Benjamin

Deniston from the LaRouche PAC Science Team. And the three of

did have an opportunity to meet with both Lyndon and Helga LaRouche earlier today, and what we present here tonight will be

informed as a reflection of the outcome of that discussion. We meet here tonight under very urgent circumstances. In the 10 days since the shooting-down of the Russian fighter jet by Turkey over Syrian territory, the stark reality of what Mr. LaRouche has been warning about for years has asserted itself very vividly, and in an indisputable way: that under the continued policies of this President, the world is currently only

a hair's breadth away from all-out thermonuclear war, a war which

could occur any hour of any day, and one whose consequences would

be absolutely unprecedented in the magnitude of death and devastation which such a war would unleash.

As Mr. LaRouche was very forthright in the hours following that incident on Nov. 24, and was echoed and confirmed later by

Russian Foreign Minister Sergey Lavrov, Turkey was by no means acting alone in the decision to take this incredibly provocative

action, but must have possessed some sort of prior agreement directly from the United States to shoot this Russian plane down-the very first such direct military action against a Russian

military aircraft by a NATO member country in over 60 years, and

one taken with the obvious foreknowledge of everything that such

an attack implies in terms of the rapid chain of escalation of response, and counter-response, which can very quickly, under these circumstances, lead to the issuance of a command for the launch of a nuclear strike.

Thus, as Mr. LaRouche has not ceased to warn in very clear

terms, every day that Obama has his finger on the red button of

the United States strategic nuclear arsenal, is a day of existential danger to the entirety of the human race. Now in the aftermath of this incident, the dire urgency of this grim reality has begun to sink in. We saw the article that

we mentioned last week in {Politico} magazine on Nov. 27, by Bruce Blair, a nuclear security expert at Princeton University,

and one of the cofounders of the Global Zero movement for the elimination of nuclear arms. The article was titled "Could U.S.-Russian Tensions Go Nuclear?", and described in detail the

so-called launch-on-warning status which have the nuclear weapons

of both Russia and the United States on hair-trigger alert in which the decision to launch a full-scale nuclear barrage by either side, must be made within a matter of mere minutes, if not

mere seconds. The author, Bruce Blair, says the following: "The public doesn't realize just how little time exists for our leaders to make a decision to use nuclear weapons, even today. And if anything, the atmosphere has become even more hair-trigger. A launch order is the length of a tweet. Missile crews in turn transmit a short stream of computer signals that immediately ignite the rocket engines of many hundreds of land-based missiles. For the United States, this takes one minute. Given the 1 to 30 minute flight times of attacking missiles, 11 for submarines lurking off the other side's coasts,

and 30 minutes for rockets flying over the poles to the other side of the planet, nuclear decision-making under launch-on-warning, the process from warning to decision to action, is extremely rushed, emotionally charged, and proforma,

driven by check lists. I describe it as the rote enactment of

prepared script. In some scenarios after only a 3 minute assessment of early warning data, the U.S. President receives a

30 second briefing on his nuclear response options, and their consequences. He then has a few minutes — 12 at most — more likely 3 to 6, to choose one option."

The author also quotes President Reagan, who in his memoirs complained of having "only 6 minutes to decide how to respond to

a blip on a radar scope, and decide whether or not to release Armageddon." — which, parenthetically, is why President Reagan decided to take up Mr. LaRouche's proposal for a joint U.S.-Russian space-based missile defense system, the so-called Strategic Defense Initiative, to render nuclear missiles impotent

and obsolete. But as we well know, Barack Obama is definitely no

Ronald Reagan.

Now in addition to this article by Bruce Blair, yesterday former Defense Secretary William Perry, said in a very significant presentation which he made in Washington, D.C., the

following: "The U.S. is on the brink of kicking off a new nuclear

arms race that will elevate the risk of nuclear apocalypse to Cold War levels. "He said, "We're now at the precipice, maybe T

should say the brink, of a new arms race," and called for the dismantling of the ICBM component of the so-called nuclear triad.

And he went on to say, "the risk of nuclear war is exacerbated by

the dismantling of the relationship between Russia and the U.S.

that had been formed after the fall of the Soviet Union. Without

clear military to military communication between those two nations, the risk of conflict increases. I probably would not have said this 10 years ago," he said. But today we now face the

kind of dangers of a nuclear event like we had during the Cold War, an accidental war. I see an imperative, therefore, to stop

this damn nuclear arms race from accelerating again."

And finally, we have the confrontation by Congresswoman ,

Democratic Congresswoman Tulsi Gabbard, during a hearing of
the

House Armed Services Committee, of Obama's Defense Secretary Ashton Carter, which we're going to play a video clip for you in

just one minute. Representative Gabbard's remarks were covered quite extensively in the press, under headlines such as "Tulsi Gabbard says, Obama Policies could trigger war with Russia," which was in the Huffington Post, and "Democratic Congresswoman

Warns, Obama Could Drag the U.S. into a devastating nuclear war

with Russia," Daily Mail. What you're about to hear Congresswoman

Gabbard say, also echoes statements that she made a few days earlier in a CNN interview, after having returned from Paris, in

which she warned that Obama's policies in Syria " put the United

States and Russia into a head-to-head conflict, with the possibility that one side will shoot down the other's planes, kicking of what is much larger, potentially world war, and a nuclear war between the United States and Russia, and she said,

"We've got to ask ourselves: what will the costs of this be? The

devastation to the American people and to the world, and for what? What's the benefit? Why are we trying to do this in

Syria?

Why are we trying to go to war with Russia over this disagreement

concerning the overthrowing of the Syrian government of Bashar al-Assad. It's crazy."

So let's see this short video clip of Congresswoman Tulsi Gabbard and Ash Carter:

GABBARD: The policy to overthrow the Syrian government of Assad has thrown us into a potential direct head to head military

conflict with Russia. I have some important questions along this

line. How many nuclear warheads does Russia have aimed at the U.S., and how many does the U.S. have aimed at Russia?

CARTER: Congresswoman, I will get you those precise numbers as best we know them. Let me just summarize it by the fact that

we have a, I'm confident, a strong, safe, secure, reliable deterrent. But it's also true that Russia, like the Soviet Union

that precedes it, has a massive nuclear arsenal.

GABBARD: Right. And it would be accurate to say that both of our countries have the capacity to launch these nuclear weapons

within minutes?

CARTER: We do.

GABBARD: I've seen pictures, films, and images from Nagasaki and Hiroshima; I know you have as well. And I presume you would

agree with me that nuclear war would be devastating to the American people; the amount of suffering that it would cause and

the devastation to our families, our children, our

communities,

our planet, our future generations is difficult to imagine. So,

I'm wondering if there's been an assessment done on how many lives would be lost and the damage that would be done if this nuclear war between our two countries were to occur?

CARTER: Congresswoman, I've been doing this for a long time, including during the Cold War, and working on nuclear weapons since the beginning of my career. And to answer your question, there have been estimates made right along. When there was a Soviet Union, then a Russia, and it's a very simple story; it is

as you say. Nuclear war would be an absolutely unprecedented, and

result in a catastrophic destruction; that is why deterrence is

so important, that's why prudence in the field of nuclear matters

by leaders all over the world is so essential.

GABBARD: So the fact that we now have our F-15s patrolling the Turkey-Syria border with a primary air-to-air combat operation; there's no air-to-air combat against ISIS. They don't

have any air assets. So, I can only presume that the purpose of

these planes would be to target Russian planes; is that accurate?

CARTER: Congresswoman, let me answer the point you began with, which is we have a different view, a very different view from Russia about what would be constructive for them to do in Syria. We have that disagreement; we can't align ourselves with

what they're doing. We're opposing and want them to change what

they're doing in Syria. That's not the same as the United

States

and Russia clashing; I think that the Chairman and his counterpart in Russia just talked yesterday about making sure that we didn't by accident have any incident involving US and Russian forces. So, we have a sharp disagreement there, but that's not the same as blundering into an armed situation with one another.

GABBARD: But that sharp disagreement — sorry, sir, I only have a minute here — that sharp disagreement with two diametrically opposed objectives. One, the US seeking to overthrow the Syrian government of Assad, Russia seeking to uphold the Syrian government of Assad, creates that potential; that strong potential and that strong likelihood for that head-to-head combat, or that head-to-head military conflict. And

Russia's installation of their anti-aircraft missile defense system increases that possibility of whether it's intentional or

even an accidental event, where one side may shoot down the other

side's plane. And that's really where the potential is for this

devastating nuclear war, for something that could blow up into something much larger.

CARTER: I have to correct something, Congresswoman, that you said; which is that I would characterize Russia's prospective differently. And by the way, what they say and what they do are

two different things. What they said they were going to do was fight ISIL and pursue a political transition; and not support Assad endlessly, but instead, try to pursue a political solution.

What they've done militarily has had the effect of supporting Assad, no question about it. And they haven't gone after ISIL, they've gone after moderate — that's our source of

disagreement.

We're having that disagreement and trying to get them to come around; that is what Secretary Kerry is doing, to a more reasonable and constructive position. But at the same time, as the Chairman's efforts indicate — and the Russians agree with this intent on avoiding an accidental situation in the air over

Syria.

OGDEN: Having seen that, the question that you must ask is, what is the necessary action that must be taken to defuse this very real and immediate threat of thermonuclear war which threatens us as a direct consequence of Obama's policies, both in

Syria and elsewhere. And I'm going to ask Jeff to come to the podium to address this question; but as Mr. LaRouche has repeatedly said, the only guarantee is for responsible parties in

this country to take the Constitutional action necessary to remove Barack Obama from the Presidency of the United States, specifically through the activation of the 25th Amendment to the

US Constitution. Which stipulates that if the President is deemed

mentally incapable of serving in the role of Commander in Chief.

he can be removed and replaced through the predetermined line of

succession. Mr. LaRouche has been calling for this measure to be

taken for a number of years; but just this week, discussion of this measure has exploded into the mainstream press, including very significantly in an editorial that was published in the {Washington Times} by staff writer Charles Hurt, which was titled, "Has the President Lost His Ability to Discharge the Powers and Duties of Office?" The editorial begins by asking, "Has our President officially lost his ability to discharge the

powers and duties of his office? Anyone who listened to President

Obama speak to reporters in Paris on Tuesday, would reasonably conclude that it is high time to start drawing up the papers to

transmit to Congress for his removal." And after describing in detail the rambling and largely incoherent performance by Obama

during his press conference in Paris earlier this week, the author concludes by stating the following: "Someone alert the Senate Pro Tem; somebody call the Speaker of the House, and let's

all dust off the 25th Amendment."

So Jeff, with all this evidence of a growing acknowledgement in public discussion of the danger which Mr. LaRouche has been warning about for years, of world war resulting from the continuation of Obama's policies, what can you tell us about what

the discussion is among responsible persons behind the scenes, and what must be done now to remove this imminent threat of a global thermonuclear war?

JEFFREY STEINBERG: Thanks, Matt. I think it's important to take note of the fact that the {Washington Times} did publish that Charles Hurt piece, but that there were other commentaries

along exactly the same lines. There was a similar editorial comment, picking up on the {Washington Times} story in the {Washington Enquirer}; and in both cases, there were references

to a series of commentaries that appeared recently in the {Washington Post}, which is generally thought of — along with the {New York Times} as one of the mainstays of the liberal establishment media apparatus. You had Richard Cohen and Dana Milbank, two of the senior regular {Washington Post} editorial columnists taking note of the fact that President Obama was

completely disoriented and when his teleprompter broke down during the course of his presentations in Paris, he stammered and

staggered 336 times in a speech that ran a total of 13 minutes.

Never mind that the gathered world leaders were told that they had a firm 5-minute limitation on their speeches. It may have taken the President 13 minutes to deliver a 5-minute address; T

haven't reviewed the text, or timed it or anything. But clearly,

he is suffering from severe mental exhaustion, a breakdown; someone who — as Lyndon LaRouche identified as early as April of

2009 — suffers from a form of extreme narcissism, can't avoid the reality that the world is going in a very different direction

than his narcissistic delusions would have him believe.

Just prior to the attacks in Paris, on the 13th of November,
the President issued a statement saying that ISIS was
contained

and on the way to being defeated, and didn't pose a threat.

Earlier he had called them "the junior varsity of terrorism."

I

think reality tells us something quite different.

Earlier this week, he said that there is no measurable security threat, here, inside the United States. And what we saw

happen in San Bernardino, California several days ago, clearly demonstrates that that was not an accurate reflection of reality.

The response of the White House has been to put pressure on FBI

Director, [James] Comey, and on the media, to hold back from drawing the obvious conclusion, that virtually anybody in their

right mind has drawn, from even the media coverage of that San

Bernardino incident, namely, that it was a pre-meditated terrorist attack. It's very much reminiscent of what happened on

September 11th, 2012, when President Obama ordered a false statement, a patently absurd false statement, about the attack in

Benghazi [Libya] that led to the murder of U.S. Ambassador Chris

Stevens and three other American officials. And that, of course,

is still an issue that's pending before the House [Select Committee on Benghazi]. So, we're clearly dealing with a situation where the President's grip on reality is slipping precipitously.

Under similar circumstances, back in the early 1970s, members of President Richard Nixon's own political party, were grounded enough in reality that they were willing to recognize that Nixon was "losing it" mentally, and represented a grave danger to the survival of the United States, and they were seriously contemplating invoking the recently-ratified 25th Amendment, that provides for the immediate removal of the President of the United States. These recent articles, published

this week, have openly said that Vice-President Joe Biden should

reach out to Speaker of the House Paul Ryan, and similarly consult with the Cabinet, and consider invoking the 25th Amendment. That process can remove Obama from office within a matter of {hours}. And so, we're here in a situation. We've seen

the developments. We've saw the Tulsi Gabbard exchange with Ashton Carter.

And, I think it's noteworthy, that the statements that Matt just quoted from, from former Defense Secretary Bill Perry, have

very much bearing on the situation, because Perry and Ash Carter have jointly written a number of articles in military journals.

They're very very close. One could almost say that Perry is Ashton Carter's mentor. So, if you've got someone like Perry alarmed enough to come out publicly — and really, in a sense, reverse his own statements of the recent years — and say we've got to get in synch with the Russians, and you hold that up against what Carter is saying as an official spokesman for the Administration, putting the onus on Russia, and really refusing

to directly address the issues that were raised by Congresswoman

Gabbard, you get an idea that there is a disconnect from reality,

with respect to the most pressing and dangerous issue facing mankind today, which is the question, "Are we close to the kind

of incident that could get out of control and lead to nuclear war?"

Nobody in the Administration is talking about what the consequences and implications are, of the fact that President Obama {publicly, after the fact}, endorsed the actions of the Turkish government in shooting down that Russian Su-24 over the

border area between Turkey and Syria. I'm told by leading U.S. military and intelligence contacts that there's unanimous agreement among the leading countries of NATO, including the U.S.

military, and all of the major European militaries, that, basically, the Turks had no business shooting down that Russian

plane; it was an act of {absolute provocation}. If Turkey was not

a member of NATO, with that Article 5 mandate for collective security backing them up, without the idea that [President] Erdogan had, that he had the full backing of President Obama, it's very unlikely that he would have even remotely considered

ordering the bombing of that Russian plane.

Now, what is the aftermath of that action by Turkey? From a strictly military standpoint, as we talked about this last week,

leading figures within the U.S. military and intelligence command, immediately got on the horn with their Russian counterparts. And there was an agreement reached that this would

not be, in and of itself, a trigger for an all-out war in the region, a war between Russia and Turkey. President Putin refrained from any direct military retaliation against Turkey. And that's a good thing.

What Russia {did} however do, as Representative Gabbard referenced, Russia has deployed their S-400 Air Defense Systems

to the airbase in Latakia Province inside Syria. That airbase is

32 miles from the Turkish border. The S-400 Air Defense Systems

have a range of 250 miles. In order words, Russia has the ability

to knock out Turkish aircraft 200 miles {inside} Turkish territory. That's an area in which U.S. fighter planes and drones

are also operating.

The Russians have now equipped all of their entire range of Su fighter planes with air-to-air missile capabilities, so that

you've got both American and Russian, and now you've got the added complexities of British and French, perhaps soon German, planes, all flying within that same general airspace.

So, to say that we are not in a situation where the conflict, even if it's a disagreement over policy toward Syria,

that this doesn't represent a hair-trigger situation for a war that could directly involve U.S. and Russian forces, not surrogates, but direct U.S. and Russian military forces, would be

an absolute denial of reality.

Now, a number of military thinkers have come out with measures that could be taken to mitigate the risk. There are those, including [ret.] German General [Harald] Kujat, who've called for the re-convening of the NATO-Russia Council, to create

a mechanism for coordination between NATO and Russia, in which the Syria-Turkey issue would be one element of it. Former top DIA

official and retired U.S. Army Colonel, [W.] Patrick Lang, in his

widely-read website, has said that Turkey should be suspended from NATO, because their irresponsible behavior could, by itself,

be a trigger for general war. There are proposals, reflected by

[U.S. and Russian nuclear security expert] Bruce Blair; reflected

by Gen. [James] Cartwright, who was the former vice-chairman of

the Joint Chiefs of Staff [and] former head of the U.S. Strategic

Command, our nuclear triad; along with Russian [Maj.] Gen. [Vladimir] Dvorkin, who was the chief intelligence analyst for Russia's strategic rocket force — who've all said, "Let's immediately abandon launch-on-warning. We've got to, basically,

create an alternative to this hair-trigger situation, where a decision about global nuclear annihilation, has to be made in a

matter of seconds."

The reality is, that there is another option. It's the option that was referenced in the {Washington Times} and the {Washington Examiner}, and even implicitly in the {Washington Post}. And it's the option that Lyndon LaRouche has been discussing {for a very long time}. You've got to {remove} one

of

the most crucial factors that continues this threat, which is the

continuation of President Barack Obama in office. The 25th Amendment is there. His behavior in Paris, his erratic behavior,

has caused alarm bells to go off all over the place, and the question that's got to be posed, is: "Are {you}, Member of Congress; are {you}, American Citizen, willing to run the risk of

maintaining a President in office, who may very well be "losing

it" mentally, and who certainly has exhibited a policy of hatred

towards Russia

and particularly towards President Putin, that under the present

circumstances poses a grave danger of general war, a war that could be a nuclear war.

So, that's the question on the table. And now that Mr.

LaRouche is no longer the only leading American political voice

openly talking about immediately invoking the 25th Amendment, maybe it's time for a serious national debate and dialogue on that issue to put the kind of pressure on Vice-President Biden.

Secretary Kerry, Speaker of the House Paul Ryan, to not run the

risk, to not play, to use a bad analogy, Russian roulette, with

nuclear warheads, and the barrel of a gun, when the survival of

humanity is at stake.

We are really now in a very different place than we even were a few weeks ago. The actions taken by Erdogan have brought us to that moment of hair-trigger, and while there are many things that could be done to ameliorate that danger, the fact is

that none of them are possible so long as President Obama is in

office. So the tools are right there. The 25th Amendment can be

activated on a moment's notice. We could have a regime change, purely constitutional, here in the United States, as a measure of

caution against someone in a state of mental breakdown, being in

a position of having his finger on the nuclear trigger. And I see

no justification whatsoever for running the risk of mankind's survival, of waiting another day to activate that potential.

OGDEN: Thank you very much, Jeff. Now, I'm just going to pose the institutional question for this evening, and Jeff will

deliver what Mr. LaRouche's response was to this, as well as Helga LaRouche's insights. The question reads as follows: "Mr. LaRouche, the German Bundestag has voted to support the U.S. coalition military operations in Syria against the Islamic State,

and the British Parliament has also taken similar action. What is

your view of German and British involvement in the fight against

the Islamic state in Syria?"

STEINBERG: Well, I think that one thing that's obvious, the first comment from Mr. LaRouche on this was, yes, we've got to defeat the Islamic State. It's got to be done, and there's got to

be an alliance of countries involved in doing that, and with that, he said, of course always be cautious. You can never trust

the British.

Now, the fact of the matter is that there are measures that could be taken, that would lead to the crushing of the Islamic State, to the taking back of Raqqa, their nominal capital, to the

ouster of the Islamic State from Mosul—the military options are

all quite clear and are being openly discussed, and are being proposed around the tables all over the place. Seal the border with Turkey. The Erdogan government in Turkey through the son Balal Erdogan, son of the president, has been the major source of

black market revenue for the Islamic State, since the very beginning. We know that there are massive black market oil deals

going on between ISIS and the Turkish black market, which is really the mafia underbelly of Erdogan's AKP Party, and the MIT,

which is the Turkish equivalent of the CIA, run by one of Erdogan's very close associates.

So, you can seal the borders. You can start the economic squeeze against the Islamic State. You could create a single joint military command operation fully integrating Russia, into

whatever other military operations are going to be run. President

Hollande of France, when he was in Washington, and then in Moscow

last week, specifically proposed that there be a consolidated unified air campaign against ISIS, and that on the ground the Syrian army be integrated with some of the rebel groups that are

strictly made up of former Syrian military personnel-some element

of the Free Syrian Army, in particular. That kind of ground force, maybe with some other assistance from the Iraqi

military,

along with a massive air campaign, through a single unified command, could wipe out the Islamic State, at least in so far as

it's operating out of a major safe haven territory in Syria and

Iraq.

The problem, however, as has been demonstrated by Paris, by San Bernardino now this week here in the United States—on a much

lower scale, of course— by the bombing of the Metro jet, Russian

metro jet over the Sinai, by the suicide bombings in Southern Beirut, all of these things indicate that you're dealing with a

much larger problem that's not going to be solved overnight. You

can crush the nominal Islamic State militarily, but you've got to

address a much more fundamental issue, which is that the policies, the geo-political policies coming out of the leading Western powers-the United States, particularly Great Britain, France to a degree, certainly Saudi Arabia, Qatar, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates, Turkey- there's been a long-standing policy

of promoting the Saudi-Wahhabi neo-Salafist agenda, and spreading

this disease, this Dark Age ideology, all over the globe. You have large swaths of territory in the Middle East, in North Africa, in other parts of Asia, that are ungovernable, and

have been turned into no-man's lands as the result of the prolonged policies— I would say that it's the Twentieth and Twenty-First Centuries' Thirty Years War, except it began operationally in 1979, when Jimmy Carter and Brzezinski were still in office, when there was a presidential finding authorizing the assembling of the Islamist mujahideen to drive

the Soviet Red Army out of Afghanistan, except, of course, that

operation began 6 months before the Soviets even went into Afghanistan.

So, we're in the throes of a multi-generational process of creating Dark Age conditions in many parts of the planet. If you

were born 35 years ago in Afghanistan, you've never lived under

anything other than 30 Years' War conditions of violence and chaos. And don't say that Afghanistan was always like that, there's nothing you can do about it. That's emphatically not true. Throughout the postwar period, the 50s, 60s, and 70s, the

United States' presence in Afghanistan was largely through the Army Corps of Engineers, the Peace Corps, and other organizations

like that, and the place was relatively peaceful and stable. It

was not the world's opium production capital. So, the point is that there are alternative policies that must be enacted to really defeat this Dark Age phenomenon.

The Chinese have adopted the One Belt/One Road policy of developing vast corridors of infrastructure, of industrial and agricultural expansion, of water management, throughout much of

Eurasia. For that program to work, it's going to be urgent that

we achieve stability in places like Syria and Iraq, and in many

parts of North Africa. So, the real question here is, if you're

prepared to commit to defeating the phenomenon that ISIS right now is the most visible representation of, you've got to be prepared to fundamentally change your thinking. You've got to be

willing to abandon geo-politics, altogether. Abandon the

British

Empire, because this policy of permanent warfare across this great big crescent running from North Africa through the Middle

East and Central Asia, all along the southern borders of the former Soviet Union into Western China,—that's a British geo-political policy. It was called the Bernard Lewis plan back

in the 1970s, of spreading fundamentalist chaos along that entire

what they called crescent (arc) of crisis.

That program hasn't changed. It's British geo-politics at its worst. It's population warfare at its worst. And those policies must be abandoned all together. There was even a commentary this week in the {Wall Street Journal} of all places,

asking the question of whether or not China's New Silk Road policy might not be the key to saving the situation in Syria and

Iraq, and throughout that region. You've got to give people hope

that there is a viable prospect for a future, if you're going to

get those leading strata within Syrian society back from Europe,

where they were driven out by ISIS; back into Syria to rebuild their country. They've got to know that there is a commitment to

a kind of a global Marshall Plan, which the Chinese have proposed

as part of their One Belt/One Road policy. I had the privilege,

earlier this week, of being in Tokyo, attending two conferences.

One where Helga Zepp-LaRouche spoke about the urgent need to avoid the war dangers by the United States and other western countries, by becoming fully involved and committed to working

in

conjunction with China and the other BRICS countries on this One

Belt/One Road policy. We've got to build development corridors from areas that are now strictly war zones. I spoke at a second

conference earlier this week with Mrs. LaRouche in Tokyo; and we

both took up this question very strongly. You need a new paradigm

of thinking; you need to think at the level of real human beings

who uniquely are capable of thinking about the future. Of creating a new future; not one that's defined by the geopolitics

of population war, but one that's defined by scientific advancement, by the betterment of all mankind. So, the issue on

the table is, you can defeat ISIS militarily with some readily available tool; especially if you drop the war confrontation with

Russia, and get into an alliance with Russia, which means getting

Obama out of office under the 25th Amendment. It's doable, but you're not going to solve the deeper underlying problem of the consequences of the last 35 years or more of this hideous geopolitics of pitting one nation, one people against another, promoting irrationalism and fundamentalism. You've got to basically roll up your shirt sleeves and begin real development

of the kind that China has correctly defined as the win-win policy of the future.

At this conference, there was a leading representative from Russia, Dr. Yakunin, who said that the Russians have concluded that their Eurasian development plan for major infrastructure projects, is completely compatible with China's One Belt/One

Road

policy. India, as a leading BRICS country, is fully on board with

that prospect. We're about to develop a plan and publish it in the coming days, for the United States to become fully integrated

into this global World Land-Bridge policy. But this requires an

overhaul of thinking; and that overhaul of thinking is now long

overdue, because the very survival of mankind is literally on the

table is we don't make that change.

So, we've got a much bigger challenge and a much bigger

agenda. Even if we're serious about defeating the Islamic State

and other manifestations of this Dark Age policy. It's going to

have to be done through a vast change in thinking, and a return

to real human thinking about what kinds of projects can insure not just the survival, but the betterment of mankind going into

the future.

OGDEN: Thank you, Jeff. Just by way of quick introduction of Ben Deniston, who's going to conclude our broadcast here tonight,

I want to pick up here directly off of what Jeff just ended with.

As those who have been following the website this week know; and

who had the chance to participate last night in the Fireside Chat

with Mr. LaRouche, Mr. LaRouche's emphasis has been one of saying

that this entire Dark Age situation which we now find

ourselves

in today — both internationally as Jeff just elaborated, and also here domestically with the Dark Age of rising death rates,

addictions, violence, and so forth, that is plaguing the American

people as the result of 16 years of a Bush and Obama Presidencies, Mr. LaRouche said, "The future cannot be created by

a continuation of the failed policies of the past. This Dark Age,

which we now find ourselves in the midst of, cannot be overcome

without the conscious elimination and overturning of the failed

axioms of the present system. A New Paradigm today, as Jeff was

just discussing, just as with the Golden Renaissance of Filippo

Brunelleschi and Nicholas of Cusa, is never something which can

come about through an evolutionary change," as Mr. LaRouche said

last night, "but only as a consciously revolutionary effect of the intervention of a great genius. The effect that a great genius has on history; a genius such as Brunelleschi or Cusa. Or

more recently, you can use the example of Albert Einstein. Geniuses who reject the failed ideas of the past, and instead introduce something completely new; a valid, newly discovered principle upon which a valid and viable future can be built. So

this is something which obviously Mr. LaRouche has done consistently throughout his life; and has based his entire career

on. But for those of you who had the chance to participate in the

Fireside Chat with Mr. LaRouche last night will know, you heard

him call on all of you; on all of the American citizenry to adopt

that perspective of genius as your personal commitment going forward. And this is obviously something which all of us have to

think about very profoundly.

So Ben, I guess I would ask you to elaborate for us a little bit, what is the equivalent of the great Brunelleschi's dome, you

could say, of today; which can be the herald of this new Renaissance for all mankind today?

BENJAMIN DENISTON: It's quite a task, I think, Matthew. But as Matthew said, I'm just going to pick up off of — we've been working on, the LaRouche PAC Science Team — this program of putting together a picture for the American people, what it would

mean for the United States to join this New Silk Road orientation. What it would mean for us as a country to really return to our roots, as founded by people like Alexander Hamilton, as Mr. LaRouche has put a great deal of emphasis in his

most recently developing flank in Manhattan being real soul of the nation where we could pivot the United States back to an orientation like Matt just referenced in terms of a real pursuit

of mankind as a creative force. What will it actually mean for the United States to once again participate in that process? And

this is something that, as was referenced, at least a thesis perspective on what that would look like for the United States.

But I wanted to open by just referencing something that was mentioned earlier, just to get a sense to get at the real principle of what we were talking about. There was a rather unprecedented study that came out, a study that's rather shocking

that pointed to an unprecedented reality which has been uncovered

in just the last couple of months, which is the realization of the increase in death rates among white, American, working age people. And we have a graphic illustrating the comparison of the

death rates for this particular demographic, in comparison with a

number of other developed nations. [Figure 1] And we can see in

red there, from 1990 up to past 2010, the change in the death rate for, again, white Americans from age 45 to 54. And I just want to put this on the screen for a minute, because there's a lot of stats we can go through in terms of what's happening, and

a lot can be done to give a sense that I think most Americans have their own clear sense of, living in this nation, of the real

process of death of the U.S. economy, under the Bush-Obama reign.

But I think this one is rather shocking, because these are people that are supposed to be in their prime. We're talking about people who are supposed to be reaching their, towards the

peak of their productive contribution to society, people who are

supposed to be approaching the pinnacle of their ability to contribute to the advancement of the society of which they're a

part. And what are we seeing in that layer of the population? This dramatic acceleration, continual year to year increase, in

the death rate of this section of the population. As the authors

of the study stated, "We have half a million Americans who are

now dead, who frankly should not be dead," according to what we

would expect from a healthy economic process.

And what's the cause of this? What are the major factors contributing to this increase in the death rate? You have drug addiction, alcoholism, substance abuse, prescription drug abuse,

heroin abuse, suicides. These are diseases of despair as has been

said. These are diseases of a dying society, where people who should be at their prime contribution to the economic process, are instead ending their own lives. They're killing themselves.

What's supposed to be our leading productive sector of the economy is instead destroying and ending their own lives, through

their own willful choice of these substance abuse, drug addiction, suicide, what have you.

So I think this should be taken as a very clear signal of what's happened to the United states, what's happened to the American economy. And what we have to reverse. And what I want to

talk about just briefly is trying to get at the essence of the issue, to the degree possible. Because we can talk about putting

people back to work, we could talk about creating jobs, we could

talk about rebuilding things-but that's not going to get to the

real essence of what we confront right now as a nation. We have

to really re-find the purpose of the existence of our nation, as

Matthew referenced as Mr. LaRouche said last night, in an understanding of what is mankind's purpose as a creative force in

the Universe.

Why do people work? Why do people have jobs? Why do people work to contribute to society? What's the purpose of existence?

That's been eliminated really over two generations, increasingly

though in a rapid acceleration, under the Bush-Cheney regime. The

very idea that mankind is inherently creative species; I mean, that mankind creates its own existence meaning that {you}, as an

individual part of that species, part of that process, can participate in the actual physical creation of the future state

of society. That if society moves forward, ... And what do we mean by "move forward"? LaRouche has spent decades developing a

science of physical economy. What is economics for mankind? We can support a greater population, higher population density, with

better living standards for everybody; that unlike the animals,

unlike the Greenies' ideology, there's no zero sum game for mankind. There's no finite, fixed amount of wealth for the human

species. That mankind can uniquely create a fundamentally higher

state of existence for his species as a whole.

That doesn't come from merely finding some new resource, or exploiting some new resource, but from the unique creative powers

of the human mind. Something {unique} about the human mind that

we don't see existing anywhere in animal life per se. That that

unique capability is the substance, the principle, underlying what makes mankind a unique force on this planet. We have to

again find our existence in exercising and implementing that principle—the idea that based on that principle, we can create wealth for our nation. We can grow our population. We can have a

large population with higher living standards, better infrastructure, better conditions of life, better health care. We

can provide all that. Mankind has the ability to do that. But

way that mankind does that is by the creative contributions of individuals acting in coordination with society.

We've lost the connection to that. We have to re-establish the connection to that. Really in a scientific sense. That mankind has a real physical immortality that he can create for himself. He can be the creation of the future existence, not just

the extension of the past, not just the extension of the present,

but the creation of a state of existence for society which would

not ever exist if not for the actions, the contributions, of the

earlier generation of the earlier state.

That's what we have to return to. Creation of new states for mankind, not just perpetuating or rebuilding what we had in the

past, but rising to a new level. And we need that now more than

ever. That has been at the root of our existence as a republic,

again going back to Hamilton, people like Lincoln, people like Franklin Roosevelt-that's been understood to varying degrees, that this is what makes mankind unique, and we have to focus our

efforts of government, of society, in exercising and facilitating

that creative process.

So what do we need to do now, today? Just to go through some of the obvious things that we should be focused on, and doing as

a nation. One leading element is going to be rebuilding our nation, rebuilding our infrastructure, and in a sense not really

rebuilding, but building anew, building a higher level of existence for our nation. And one of the things we're going to be

featuring in our prospective program for the United States is actually building a modern, high-speed rail system. This is just

obvious. That transportation in the United States would be a joke

if we didn't have to deal with it every single day. The idea of

people just wasting their lives on these highways. Hours upon hours daily, just wasted.

If you go to the third graphic here, we have a comparison, just to give people a sense of—in the green, we see existing high speed rail systems in the United States and China. Now, in

the United States this has been debatable whether we could actually include the green corridor we've included as technically

high-speed rail. Relative to what we have, we could consider it

high-speed rail, but that's not saying much. It's stretching the

definition, but it's the closest we have. and throughout the rest

of the United States, you see one proposal, among a number of proposals, for what kind of obvious, sane high-speed rail system

we should have: travelling 150 miles per hour, to get people to

different locations in a quick efficient manner.

You see China is doing this. You see China's program now, what they've built, and what they're committed to building I believe out to 2020, for their high-speed rail program. So this

could be done. This needs to be done.

can

We have the water issue. We have, to put it lightly, insane governor in California, who, despite living on the coast of the

largest body of water on the face of this planet, seems to think

that we've run out of water. Well, we have plenty of means available to us to provide all the water we need. Some of this is

illustrated in the next graphic, the fourth graphic. This is something we've covered in more detail on the LaRouche PAC website and other locations. But mankind fully has the capability

of managing the water cycle in completely new ways. We have desalination. LaRouche has been talking about desalination for decades. Nuclear-powered desalination, you

provide the water you need in the coastal areas. You can do water

transfer. There's rivers that exist that have abundant excesses

of water that just flow into the ocean unused. And we can really

go to the frontiers. We can look at mankind managing the water in

the atmosphere. This is actually happening right now as we speak

in various places around the world. We have technologies now to

actually manage precipitation in the atmosphere; increase precipitation where we want it. Some of this is drawn directly from insights into how our Earth's climate system actually responds to different galactic environments — the galactic

conditions affecting our climate. Understanding this gives us an

insight into how we can manage those conditions; how we can increase the rainfall where we need it. How we can actually direct flows of atmospheric water vapor to where they're needed.

We could be drawing the atmosphere of water vapor from over the

Pacific Ocean into California and increasing the rainfall in California. We can do that.

Power, energy, nuclear power; we've been sitting on nuclear power for decades. It's been suppressed; fusion has been suppressed. There's been a conscious policy to not put the resources into fusion that are needed to develop fusion power. We've had in effect a policy of not developing fusion power for

decades. You just look at the budget compared to what was known

to be required to develop it; it's obvious. And various experts

have made clear, we can have a demonstration functioning fusion

power plant in 10-15 years, if we decided to do it.

Obviously, all this would require a high-speed rail system, solving our water crises, mass production of nuclear power, a crash program to develop fusion power. This would force us to confront the fact that we need to rebuild our manufacturing base;

rebuild our industrial base. We'd be forced to confront a certain

reality that now we look at an unemployment problem; with this program, we're going to be confronted with a little more frightening reality. We actually have an unemployable problem; we

have people who have no skills. We're going to need to look back

to things like Franklin Roosevelt's CCC program, and figure

out

how to upgrade that and advance that for an entire new challenge

of taking not just a labor force, a society that's had no productive work for a decade or more. And look, we've had two generations of zero-growth policy; two generations of de-industrialization, a shift towards this insane, so-called "services economy". Wall Street bubbles. We've had fewer and fewer people who have any idea of how to contribute a productive

contribution to the economic process.

So, we're going to need to actually tackle all these issues. And, again, this is not just rebuilding stuff we had before; it's

not just rebuilding our infrastructure. It's not just recreating

the state of the economy as it was 20, 30 years ago. This is looking at how do we increase the potential productivity of the

economy as a whole to a completely new level? Modern transportation, water, power. We can open up entire new regions

of the continent; entire new territories of the nation can now be

developed. New agriculture; new production; new industries; new

cities. We could actually be developing new Renaissance cities,

organized around a conception of man as a creative process. The

city itself can be an expression of the principle of this new Renaissance; this New Paradigm that we want to create. The construction of sane, organized city population areas, centered

around cultural development; educational development. Centered around universities and cultural systems as the core of the development of your population, of your society. That

organizes

this city. Around it, you have the various agriculture, industry,

etc. that's an expression of mankind's creative capabilities. But

actually coherently designing the city in which the population around this new principle, this new conception of mankind.

So, this is what we can do; this is what we need to fight for. But I think to attempt to address what Matthew said in terms

of Mr. LaRouche's remarks in terms of actually creating a new future; that has to be the number one guiding principle. And Mr.

LaRouche in recent years has again come back to the pedagogy of

the difference between mankind and the animals. And I think that's something that most people still don't understand the way

he understands it. What is it that mankind has that makes our species separate; that makes us distinct? What is that actual principle which mankind has the ability to tap into and employ if

he chooses to; if he chooses to organize his society in a truly

human way? And what would that mean for us today? Well, again, it

wouldn't mean just doing what we've done in the past. It would mean that right now, what we have to do is bring society to a level that we've never had before. And we have to fight to engage

the American population again into recognizing that their meaning

to history, their meaning, period, depends upon that. That the meaning of their very existence depends upon recognizing that they have a potential to contribute to the creation of a higher

state of existence for society. And for mankind, if we're not

doing that, if we're not organizing society to do that and exercise that, and implement those creative leaps of mankind, then you're not being human; and your population is being denied

an actual efficient access to their true scientific immortality

as a human species.

There's obviously a lot that could be said, but I think that's the principle that we have to focus on; that it's not just

about creating jobs. It's not just about employing people who are

various economic statistics; it's about coming to a new, higher

understanding of economics really as an expression of this unique

spark of human creative potential. And we have to, again, focus

on that as the number one issue; the cause, the substance of what

will allow us to progress and move forward. And that really is the whole purpose of all of this.

So, we're going to have more coming out; a lot more can be said, but I think that's the challenge that we have right now. And I think it's going to be a huge challenge, given what's happened to the population; especially in the last two Presidencies. But the fight is to awaken that in the American people; they have to realize that this is the only thing that's

worth fighting for. Fighting for creating the future in a way that is truly, uniquely human.

OGDEN: Thank you, Ben. And what Ben referred to, is a forthcoming programmatic feature which is intended to be a supplement to the EIR Special Report, "The New Silk Road Becomes

the World Land-Bridge". This is going to be titled, "Why the

United States Must Join the New Silk Road". I also know this will

be the bulk of the subject of the presentation which Helga delivered in Tokyo, which Jeff was referring to; and will be available in transcript form in the next edition of {Executive Intelligence Review}. So, I'm going to bring a conclusion to our

broadcast here tonight. I would encourage all of you to continue

participating in both the Thursday night Fireside Chats, which Mr. LaRouche hosts every week, as well as if you are present in

the New York City area, the Manhattan Project meetings, which occur every Saturday afternoon. Another one will occur tomorrow.

So, thank you very much for joining us. Thank you to both Jeff and Ben, and please stay tuned to larouchepac.com