## Det Londonbaserede Imperium giver ikke op: Det må, og kan, besejres. Schiller Institut Strategisk Webcast med Helga Zepp-LaRouche

Med den ene provokation efter den anden, der er mere gennemskueligt falsk end den foregående, fortsætter City of imperie-oligarker og deres Wall Streetneokonservative/neoliberale partnere deres bestræbelser for at sabotere muligheden for et Nyt Paradigme, som vokser frem i Eurasien til at blive en verdensomspændende bevægelse, i åndeløst tempo. Til trods for, at det nu er afsløret, at svindelnumrene under falsk flag, med Russiagate, Skripalforgiftningen og de kemiske våben i Douma, har deres oprindelse i britiske efterretningskredses syge hjerner, så er de atter i gang, med Bibi Netanyahu, der hævder, han har »bevis« for, at Iran aldrig afsluttede sit atomprogram, i et forsøg på at få USA til at gå i fælden med endnu en katastrofal krig i Mellemøsten og en muliq atomar konfrontation med Rusland.

Det rækker imidlertid ikke blot at afsløre det enkelte svindelnummer efterhånden, som det sker. Schiller Instituttets unikke rolle, især gennem vores stifter Helga Zepp-LaRouches globale rolle, er at fokusere opmærksomheden på den plan, der er lagt af dem, der er engageret i disse provokationer, med det formål at forebygge, at de fuldfører denne plan, som er at holde verden splittet, i krig, således, at en ensidig, degenereret transatlantisk »elite« kan blive ved at være den dominerende verdensmagt.

Men deres magt svinder i takt med, at de er blevet tvunget til at agere i deres eget navn, og således afsløre sig selv. Deres evne til at bevare kontrollen har også været for nedadgående, pga. den udfordring, som repræsenteres af den Nye Silkevej, samt af det Nye Paradigme, som denne Nye Silkevej repræsenterer.

I løbet af de seneste uger har diplomatiske og økonomiske begivenheder og topmøder i høj grad fremmet dette Nye Paradigme. Det er afgørende, at Schiller Instituttets stemme forstærkes gennem et voksende medlemskab og et voksende publikum til vores ugentlige, strategiske webcast. Gå sammen med os og hjælp os med at udvide antallet af mennesker, der opfanger den Nye Silkevejsånd.

## Engelsk udskrift:

Schiller Institute New Paradigm Webcast, May 3, 2018 With Helga Zepp-LaRouche

The Empire Based in London Won't Give Up: They Must, and Can Be Defeated

HARLEY SCHLANGER: Hello, I'm Harley Schlanger from the Schiller Institute. Welcome to this week's Schiller Institute international webcast, featuring our President and founder Helga

Zepp-LaRouche.

There's been an incredible density of events over these last days, both with the motion toward the New Paradigm and the New Silk Road, but also another one of a string of war provocations,

this one coming from Israel's Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu,

with threats to Iran. Helga, why don't we start there, because

this is an extremely dangerous development, what Netanyahu did.

HELGA ZEPP-LAROUCHE: It's quite significant that even a German politician, Mr. Rötgen, who is otherwise quite a hawk, accused Netanyahu of having committed a conscious fraud and effort to fool the international community by claiming that Iran

would still be involved in a secret nuclear program. Now, in the

meantime, the International Atomic Energy Agency has come out and

said that there is absolutely no truth to it, that they conducted

ten different reports, that Iran is fully compliant with the Iran

agreement on nuclear weapons, and that there is absolutely nothing new in the material presented.

This was said even by a whole series of former security officials from Israel itself. So the question is, what is the purpose of this? Which is clearly a provocation. And there were

these missile attacks in Syria, where it's not yet entirely clear

where they came from, but it's not to be excluded that they did

come from Israel. And obviously, Netanyahu now has a bill in the

Knesset which in the first reading got an absolute majority, which would empower Netanyahu to go to war. There is opposition

in the Knesset against that, because the term "extreme circumstances" is not specified, and therefore, it's a sort of {carte blanches} because he can always declare "extreme circumstances."

This is very, very dangerous. This is obviously a power game, not really regarding the Middle East as such. Naturally,

Iran is the thorn in the flesh of Netanyahu, but I think the way

to look at the situation is that the Middle East is once again the theater for a proxy war, where the real issue is the confrontation against Russia and China. Because, rather than getting caught up in every single provocation, I would encourage

you, our viewers, to think about the strategic long arc of developments. I could take it back all the way to the collapse

of the Soviet Union, but let's start with the election of President Trump, who, in the election campaign had promised that

he would improve the relationship with Russia, and then subsequently, he did not stay with the anti-China line, which he

had had in the election campaign, but started to develop a very

good relationship with Xi Jinping, with China. And from the standpoint of the geopolitical faction of the Western world, basically situated in the City of London and their junior partner

in Wall Street, this idea that you would have a good understanding between the United States President, and the governments of Russia and China, is a nightmare, because it would

absolutely eliminate the possibility of their divide and conquer,

and playing geopolitical games.

I would say, the origin of all of these developments, starting with the Russiagate against Trump, which is now completely out of the window because there was no Russiagate. Then at the point when the British origin was in the center of attention in the Congress and various investigative committees,

they looked at the role of the British collusion in the coup attempt against Trump, then you had the Skripal affair; which, by

the way, now has completely died out, it has disappeared from

the

British media, as Russian Foreign Ministry spokeswoman Zakharova

pointed out yesterday, that there is more mention about the Skripal affair in the British media. Then, when that fell apart,

you had the so-called chemical weapons attack by the Assad government, which then turned out didn't even take place — it was a complete smokescreen by the British-controlled White Helmets organization, that fell apart. Now, you have the supposed Iranian nuclear program, which also is a fraud. And then

you have, naturally, the developments in Ukraine, where Poroshenko yesterday announced a military solution for the liberation of the Donbas. And there, you have the same group of

organizations involved, which we have pinned down and published

in the past many times.

The whole thing is really one long arc, aimed at the containment of Russia, the containment of China, and it is quite

interesting that Foreign Minister Lavrov just gave a long, very

important interview to the Italian media, where he said that every time President Trump impulse to improve the relationship with Russia, the Russophobia mafia inside the United States is creating some kind of a provocation again, and that many of the

problems of the world remain unresolved because they would require a positive cooperation between the United States and Russia.

People have to really understand, all of these things, while they have some merit in themselves, some logic, some historical

or ethnic causality, they're nevertheless being played on the big

chessboard in the larger game, the containment of Russia and China. And that obviously, is an impossibility, and therefore,

you have these tensions and very dangerous developments, almost

on a daily basis.

SCHLANGER: That review is very useful for people, because you can look at each individual event, but the connection is what's important. And of course, it's broader than just a regional war in the Middle East: If something happens against the Iranian agreement, that'll have an implication for what otherwise looks so positive in terms of the Korean situation, doesn't it?

ZEPP-LAROUCHE: Oh, yes. I think that the North Korea/South Korea process is one of the most joyful things which are happening right now. Many of the details are not so well known,

so let me just mention, that in the meeting between Kim Jong-un

and Moon Jae-in, the latter, the South Korean President brought a

brochure and also gave a memory drive to Kim Jong-un with a full-fledge development plan for North Korea, which apparently involves, among other things, two railway lines to be built in the southern and northern coasts of North Korea, connecting both

with the ancient Silk Road, but also with the Trans-Siberian Railway through Russia.

This is very positive. There has been a CIA team in North Korea for a week, inspecting various sites, and [National Security Advisor] Bolton commented and said these are all signs

of good will. And also that three Americans will be released by

North Korea. President Trump has expressed he is looking

forward

to meeting Kim Jong-un very soon; Kim Jong-un, on the other side,

also wants to meet with [Japanese Prime Minister] Abe, and President Moon of South Korea offered to broker such a meeting.

And then, [Chinese Foreign Minister] Wang Yi is today in North Korea. So these are all very, very good developments, because if

the North Korean situation comes towards a peace treaty and potential unification under Korean sovereignty, this would a very, very important milestone for all of humanity.

But naturally, as you say there is a danger, because Netanyahu, among other reasons — namely that he wants to push the Iranian influence out of Syria — timed his statement obviously with the deadline of May 12th, which is when the decision in the United States will be taken to either renegotiate

or cancel the Iranian nuclear agreement, or extend it. And obviously, Netanyahu wanted to create a hype so that the United

States would insist on renegotiation, which from the standpoint

of the Iranians is a cancellation and would throw the whole situation immediately into a very dangerous destabilization; and

may actually lead to the desire of the Iranians to then scrap the

whole deal and go back to building nuclear weapons.

Obviously, if that happens, this could have the danger of threatening the North Korean situation, because, remember, Kim Jong-un went into this absolutely intense nuclear testing and missile testing, because he looked at the Middle East and came to

the conclusion that the only way for him to prevent from happening to him what happened to Saddam Hussein and Qaddafi, would be that North Korea is a full-fledged nuclear power and

therefore, there would be a defense against such things. If he would think it doesn't matter, even if you have an agreement with the United States, they can throw it out at the next occasion, I think this is a very, very dangerous thing. So

I hope that President Trump is not overlooking that, because there is very clearly an effort to play on that, to also ruin the

North Korea/South Korea agreement again.

These things hang altogether. And I can only say, the International Atomic Energy Agency did say that there is absolute

compliance on the side of Iran, and even [Federica] Mogherini, the foreign minister of the European Union basically reiterated

that, and said that the International Atomic Energy Agency is the

only institution which should be consulted concerning these questions, and if there are problems they should be brought to them, because they are equipped to deal with it, and not some wild, independent action.

So this is the field of tension in which all of this is taking place.

SCHLANGER: And there's a kind of self-fulfilling prophecy here that the neo-conservatives play on, which is, once you cut

off negotiations and diplomatic discussion, you create what they

call a "rogue state." And they say the "rogue state" is dangerous

because it doesn't adhere to principles, when, in fact, the West

is the one forcing the fear, producing the fear that leads to backing away and developing weapons.

Now, I think this is also important in the broader context, where you've been pointing out the importance of the meeting

between [Indian] Prime Minister Modi and President Xi Jinping of

China. This has extraordinary implications, not just for those

two countries, but going into another part of the Mideast, where

there's been wars, namely Afghanistan. What can you tell us about the progress on that front?

ZEPP-LAROUCHE: This is really, maybe as important as the Korea development, because there was the effort to play India in

the so-called Indo-Pacific combination, meaning Japan, Australia,

New Zealand, India, against the New Silk Road and against China.

And for historical reasons, there is a strong British geopolitical influence in parts of the establishment in India, which has been susceptible, and it was played upon by the neo-cons and the British, to say India is the largest democracy,

therefore, they don't believe in communist China, they believe in

the Western world, and should work with them.

And in a certain sense, it looked for a while as if this would function; but after the border incident in Doklam, where both India and China realized how devastating it would be for the

two largest countries in the world if they would get again into

some kind of a military conflict, there obviously was a rethinking in India, where most people around Modi are now moving

in a direction of working with China.

That does not yet mean that India is supporting the New Silk Road, because of the issue of Pakistan is really a sticky one for

India; and China is building this very important economic corridor, from China to the Arabian Sea coast of Pakistan, which

Indian is completely objecting to. And therefore, at the Shanghai

Cooperation Organization (SCO) meeting, the Indian Foreign Minister did not sign the New Silk Road resolution. But they now

work together on the China-Nepal-India corridor, which is also part of the New Silk Road, in reality.

Therefore, now you this meeting between President Xi Jinping and Prime Minister Narendra Modi in Wuhan, and the two leaders had six discussions over two days. And just to realize, India and China are not only the two population-richest countries — they have together 2.6 {billion} people, that's 40% of the entire

human population of the world — but they also have the longest continuous cultures, more than 5,000 years old, who have, over the course of universal history, contributed an enormous amount

of knowledge, of poetry, of art, and are both sort of creators of

the human civilization.

What is very exciting is that they agreed in this context, to have a joint development between India and China, in Afghanistan. They will build a railroad from Afghanistan to Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, Iran, China and therefore tie Afghanistan

into the Belt and Road Initiative, which is obviously very important for Afghanistan. The President of Afghanistan Ashraf

Ghani had requested several months ago, that the only way to solve Afghanistan's problems would be as part of the New Silk Road, but it also is a way of bridging, so to speak, the India-Pakistan conflict, because there are obviously close relations between Afghanistan and Pakistan; China has a better relationship to Pakistan; and if they now develop Afghanistan

together, it touches on this higher level of reason, what we always have said the New Silk Road establishes: that you need a

concept where everybody benefits, where you have a higher level

of cooperation, which is capable of overcoming ethnic and historical and other conflicts.

So if India and China can work together in Afghanistan for the improvement of the situation there, this is a typical example

of how the New Silk Road is also a peace initiative which can solve all kinds of problems. So I think this is a very, very good development also.

SCHLANGER: The Pentagon just released a report on Afghanistan which said after 16 years, the situation is worse with the continuous war, and the U.S. deployment, the NATO deployment. And so, this is the only alternative.

Now, this brings up to me a very important point: We've just been reviewing in the last couple days, the role that your

husband has played in bringing forward this idea of the Four Powers. And it's interesting, his first actual formulation of the idea of a Four Power agreement — Russia, India, China, and the United States — was in December 2008, right after the crash

in September 2008. And Helga, I know you've been to India, you've been to China repeatedly, you're now seeing this potential becoming real.

ZEPP-LAROUCHE: Yeah. I think it's really very good, because I remember when my husband, Lyndon LaRouche, first said

these ideas, like a Four Power agreement, everybody was quite full of disbelief, how could this ever be. But Lyn, at that point, said that given the fact that we are dealing with an empire, which we say the British Empire, which historically is correct, because as my husband also has developed many times this

empire, the idea that there is an empire with an oligarchical elite ruling over a preferably backward mass of people, is not something new. It's something that goes way back, even to the Roman Empire, the Byzantine Empire; then it moved to Venice, and

then it moved to the Dutch-British. And in a certain sense, it's

like a chameleon: it remains the same, or a slime mold, which remains the same in character, but the colors are different So, people nowadays say, "oh, the British Empire no longer exists," but if you look at it from the standpoint of the geopolitical politics of the financial architecture which rules

the world, which has tried in the past to keep parts of the developing sector backward and underdeveloped, and which, especially in the last 20 years, made sure that the rich would become richer, and the middle class would die out, and the poor

would become poorer, you can see clearly that this is an empire

in a modern form. It's quite powerful, it used the IMF, it used

the World Bank, it keep development in the Third World down. And

only after China emerged and offered cheap credit and actually donations and infrastructure, did this dynamic start to change.

But my husband basically at that time said, given the fact that this financial oligarchy is really running so much of the world, and if you look at the private security services which are

a sort of modern mercenary forces, defending this financial structure, then he said that you need the four most powerful sovereign nation-states in the world to ally together to defeat

it.

As I said, people were full of disbelief when he said it, but if you look at it now, Russia and China have a strategic partnership which is absolutely solid, and I think there to be forever — I don't think it can ever go away. Then, with the recent development between China and India, India is moving closer; India has a very good relationship to Russia, anyway. And with the potential of President Trump, despite the present trade negotiations, he just put out a tweet saying he looks forward to seeing President Xi Jinping in the near future and that he always will remain his friend; and also the prospective

of an early meeting between Trump and Putin — I think we are very close to this combination, where we could really move the world in a completely different way, in a New Paradigm, where geopolitics stops!

I mean, in any case, let me just say this, because it's obvious that behind all of these affairs which we named — the Russiagate, the Skripal case, the chemical weapons, now the Netanyahu case — is obviously an effort to keep the status quo,

to prevent the emergence of China as the rising power, to keep the illusion that you can contain or regime-change Russia. But

anybody who thinks that you can keep the status quo, when the whole world is already moving in the direction of cooperation, win-win, working together, this is just completely impossible. So those people in the West who are pushing these provocations, and also ordinary citizens, you should think:

you imagine how the future should look like, let's say, in 10, 20

years from now? Either we have World War III, or will have had

it already, or, we will move into a completely new set of relations among nations, where the common interest, or as Xi Jinping always calls it, the "shared community for the future

of

humanity" comes first, and then after that you have national interest.

It is an existential question for humanity that more and more people start to think, how should the world look like in 10

years, in 20 years, and if you are of the opinion that we must develop a new face in the evolution of mankind, where we stop geopolitics, we stop war, and have a New Paradigm, you should become active. You should join the Schiller Institute, because

we are trying to cause such a change in the thinking of the people, and we need many people to help us in this effort: So,

I'm really appealing to you, join the Schiller Institute and work

with us, because the potential has never been so great, to move

to much, much, much more beautiful period in human history.

SCHLANGER: And we've been talking about the Four Power proposal of your husband, Lyndon LaRouche. He also has the four

basic laws which address the economic crisis. People should not

take their eye off the economy! There are some new reports coming out, former FDIC vice chairman Thomas Hoenig, Sheila Bair,

very prominent in her fight against derivatives, and now Nomi Prins has a new book out: Obviously, Helga, you ignore this financial side of things to your own detriment, because this is a

crucial aspect of the strategic situation.

ZEPP-LAROUCHE: I think we have mentioned this already in this webcast, but I want to say it again, because Nomi Prins has

this book out, {Collusion: How the Central Bankers Rigged the World} — I have not read the book yet, but I have an initial report about it — where she describes how the quantitative easing of the central banks, to the advantage of the speculators

in the last 10 years, has created a situation where we are in a

bubble 40% worse than in 2008, which could explode at any moment.

We have talked to some well-placed people in the financial community who are quite worried that what could happen — and I think people should take this warning very seriously — that if the proponents of the old, collapsing financial Western system realize that this is end-game, that they can't really prevent this from happening; that China is rising, that the other countries are rising with China, that they may actually deliberately trigger a financial crash, to pull the rug out from

underneath President Trump, destabilize him, blame him, in order

to bring the neo-cons back into power in Washington.

I think that is for sure one of the biggest hidden dangers.

And therefore, the only solution how you can prevent that is the

immediate implementation of Glass-Steagall, but also the whole package of Lyn's Four Laws: a National Bank in the tradition of

Alexander Hamilton; a credit system; a crash program to increase

the productivity of production and the labor force through fusion, for space cooperation; but also join the New Silk Road,

join the Belt and Road Initiative, and participate with China in

the buildup of infrastructure in the United States, have joint ventures in third countries. You need the full package. Only Glass-Steagall is not enough. We need the absolute return to

sound financial and economic system based on the tradition of Alexander Hamilton. And whenever that was applied, as in the postwar reconstruction of Germany, you had economic miracles, and

this can be replicated any time.

I would again urge you, this is the Damocles Sword which is hanging over the world, so join our efforts to have a global Glass-Steagall, because we don't need speculation. If we put all

our resources into real production, productive jobs, education,

there are so many important things to be done, that everybody can

have a benefit, and I don't think we need mega-billionaires, because I think people should have a decent income, but they shouldn't be excessively rich and the majority of the people poor, and we really need to change that.

SCHLANGER: Especially when they become rich by creating things that nobody needs.

Just to conclude, I think it's important to give people a sense of the broader scope of what's happening around the New Silk Road. We're almost the only ones who are reporting on some

of these things, but maybe you have something you'd like to add

- the developments now from the Dominican Republic, on top of what Panama is doing, which is in our own hemisphere in the West.

Peru has just moved ahead with some agreements with China, and now Portugal, with the Maritime Silk Road: The Chinese are definitely on the move.

So, what do you have from the U.S. Congress? The Senator from Florida, whom Donald Trump calls "little Marco Rubio" threw

a fit, saying that China's about to take over the Western

Hemisphere.

Instead of embracing these initiatives, you see the hysteria. But I think, Helga, I think it's important for you to

emphasize the scope of this development, how it is, as you said,

"unstoppable."

ZEPP-LAROUCHE: Yes. I'm very convinced that this genie is out of the bottle, never to return. Because it is simply appealing to the best inspiration and aspiration of the people.

If you look at the world map, the majority of the countries are

already onboard: That's why I think it's unstoppable. And if you

look at Europe, for example, it's Eastern and Central European countries who are working with the Silk Road, the Balkan countries; Italy, Spain, Portugal, all want to be hubs of development, not only on the Eurasian connections, but also to the Spanish- and Portuguese-speaking countries in Asia and Africa

and Latin America. Then Switzerland is onboard. And Austria, where the new government has adopted a clause to cooperate strategically with the New Silk Road, and now, they announced that they want to take leadership in Europe, to bring the European Union into connection with the Chinese New Silk Road. And even Holland and Belgium, the Scandinavian countries — so if

you look at the map, it is really the majority of countries which

are not part of it.

That's why I'm absolutely optimistic that if you help us to spread the news that there is a new era of civilization which is

not based on war, subversion, regime-change, coups, but to the advantage of the other in the spirit of the Peace of

Westphalia,

I think the Spirit of the Silk Road is contagious, and it will catch on: So, help us to spread this word.

SCHLANGER: And one of the ways you can help us is to go on the New Paradigm Schiller Institute website, and we should have

there a box for people to sign up to become members, at whatever

monthly rate you can afford.

[http://newparadigm.schillerinstitute.com/sign-up/] But this
is

the most important organization in the world right now, informing

people about these developments, and as Helga keeps emphasizing:

We need your support! We need your involvement. So go there, and sign up and become a part of this.

Helga, is there anything else you want to cover today?

ZEPP-LAROUCHE: I think people should really have the sense that we are on the verge of a new hot war, and I would not underestimate that danger. The Ukrainian development is extremely dangerous. If there is a war between Israel and Iran,

it does have the potential to immediately escalate — so don't be

complacent.

But, on the other side, I think we have never been so close to putting all of this behind us, because once the Four Power agreement comes into being, there is no problem on the planet which cannot be solved. So, don't sit on the fence: Become active, and help us to turn this into a winning direction.

SCHLANGER: Thank you Helga, and we'll see you again next week.

ZEPP-LAROUCHE: Yes, I hope so. See you then.